Bent, broken and locked: An acute orthopaedic multidisciplinary update for GPs

Tuesday 20 August 2024

Education Centre, TPCH

Dr James Collins & Dr Catherine SwansonGPLOs | Metro North Health & Brisbane North PHN







Metro North Hospital and Health Service and Brisbane North PHN respectfully acknowledge the Traditional Owners of the land on which our services and events are located. We pay our respects to all Elders past, present and future and acknowledge Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people across the State.

Program

6.00pm	Dinner and Networking
6.30pm	GPLO update Dr James Collins & Dr Catherine Swanson GPLO
6.40pm	Multidisciplinary Orthopaedics service overview Metro North Orthopaedics and allied health teams
7.00pm	Management of acute knee injuries in general practice Dr Andrew Hislop Orthopaedic Physiotherapy Screening Clinic & Multi- disciplinary Team Leader, TPCH Dr Loretta O'Sullivan-Pippia Advanced Musculoskeletal Physiotherapist, OPSC + OSiP, TPCH Dr Alexey Borshch Acting Director, Orthopaedics, Redcliffe Hospital
7.30pm	Common upper limb fracture management in general practice Dr Alexey Borshch Acting Director, Orthopaedics, Redcliffe Hospital Jessica Porter Senior Occupational Therapist
8.00pm	Multidisciplinary management of back pain and radiculopathies Matthew Stewart Advanced Musculoskeletal Physiotherapist & Team Leader MPSC & MDS, RBWH

Activity ID: 918621



GPLO Update







Print

Refer Your Patient

Refer your patient

Information for GPs and health professionals to help refer patients and find services available at Metro North Health.

Latest updates

Multilingual translated videos are now available for Gastroenterology patients explaining about colonoscopy & endoscopy procedures for the following locations:

- RBWH Gastroenterology and Hepatology
- STARS Gastroenterology & Endoscopy Services
- Caboolture Hospital Gastroenterology
- Redcliffe Hospital Gastroenterology & Hepatology

Rapid Access Services

Rapid Access Clinics and Services - Local GPs can refer patients requiring escalation of care to these services for urgent assessment and treatment within a few days to provide an alternative to an emergency presentation.

Specialist outpatient services

Specialist outpatient referrals are coordinated through the Metro North Health Central Patient Intake Unit for hospitals in the region

Find outpatient referral guidelines by speciality or referred condition below:

Orthopaedics

% GP Referrals Enquiry Line: 1300 364 938

Community Health Services

Select a service

Enquiry hotline: 1300 658 252

Fax: 3360 4822

Clinical advice services

Virtual Emergency Care 1300 847 833

Monday to Sunday 8am-10pm

Metro North Clinical Advice Line 1800 569 099

> Monday to Friday 8.30am-4pm

Residential Aged Care District Assessment and Referral Service 1300 072 327

Monday to Sunday 8.00am - 8.00pm



Behavioural Emergency

Children's Health Queensland ->

Response Team (BERT)

Smart Referrals Brisbane North Health Health Provider Portal Update GP practice details GP Liaison (GPLO) Program GP and primary care education & events

Does your patient reside in the Metro North Health catchment?

Specialists list

In most cases, referrals are only accepted from patients residing in the Metro North Health catchment.

Type your patient's suburb or postcode

GO

Resources for GPs

Central Patient Intake Fact Sheet (PDF)

Central Patient Intake FAQ's (PDF)

Chronic Wounds Directory

Queensland Government

Metro North Health

Refer your patient Hospitals & services Health professionals Research Get involved Careers

Contact us Newsroom Events Resize font

Home / Refer your patient / Orthopaedics

Orthopaedics

Conditions

Please note this is not an exhaustive list of all conditions for outpatient services and does not exclude consideration for referral unless specifically stipulated in the out of scope section.

- · Achilles tendon pathology and rupture
- · Arthritis of hand and/or wrist
- · Back and/or Neck Pain
- Benign Tumours of the Hand and
- Carpal Tunnel Syndrome/Cubital Tunnel Syndrome
- · Dupuytren's contracture
- Elbow conditions
- · Foot and ankle conditions associated with diabetic foot <u>disease</u>
- Foot and ankle pain and/or deformity (non-diabetic)
- Hand trauma

- Knee injury (acute)
- · Lower limb trauma
- Shoulder instability
- Shoulder pain
- · Stenosis tenosynovitis conditions
- Upper limb trauma

Send referral

Hotline: 1300 364 938

Electronic:

GP Smart Referrals (preferred)

Search.

eReferral system templates

Medical Objects ID: MQ40290004P HealthLink EDI: gldmnhhs

Mail:

Metro North Central Patient Intake

Aspley Community Centre

776 Zillmere Road

ASPLEY OLD 4034

Paediatric services

Referrals for children and young people should follow the Children's Health Queensland referral guidelines.

Orthopaedic Paediatric services are delivered on behalf of MNHHS at Redcliffe Hospital for people residing in the catchment

- Back Pain
- Bow legs
- Club foot/feet/inversion
- Developmental dysplasia of the hip (DDH)
- Heel pain

- In-toeing
- Knock knees
- <u>Limping child/reluctant to weight</u>

All urgent cases must be discussed with the on call Registrar to obtain appropriate prioritisation and treatment. Contact

- Osgood-Schlatter disease
- Out-toeing

- Perthes disease
- Scoliosis / Kyphosis
- Slipped upper femoral epiphysis (SUFE)
- <u>Toe-walking</u>
- Tumour bone and soft tissue

Health pathways ?

Access to Health Pathways is free for clinicians in Metro North Brisbane.

For login details email:

healthpathways@brisbanenorthphn.

org.au

Login to Brisbane North Health

Pathways:

brisbanenorth.healthpathwayscomm unity.org

Locations

Redcliffe Hospital

Royal Brisbane and Women's Hospital

The Prince Charles Hospital

Resources

Patient Resources

Royal Brisbane and Women's Hospital (07) 3646 8111

Emergency department referrals

- The Prince Charles Hospital (07) 3139 4000
- Redcliffe Hospital (07) 3883 7777
- Caboolture Hospital (07) 5433 8888

Urgent cases accepted via phone must be accompanied with a written referral and a copy faxed immediately to the Central Patient Intake Unit: 1300 364 952.

If any of the following are present or suspected, please refer the patient to the emergency department (via ambulance if necessary):

Knee injury (acute)

Emergency department referrals

All urgent cases must be discussed with the on call Registrar to obtain appropriate prioritisation and treatment. Contact through:

- Royal Brisbane and Women's Hospital (07) 3646 8111
- . The Prince Charles Hospital (07) 3139 4000
- Redcliffe Hospital (07) 3883 7777
- Caboolture Hospital (07) 5433 8888

Urgent cases accepted via phone must be accompanied with a written referral and a copy faxed immediately to the Central Patient Intake Unit: 1300 364 952.

If any of the following are present or suspected, refer the patient to the emergency department (via ambulance if necessary) or seek emergent medical advice if in a remote region.

- Suspected septic arthritis
- · Acute extensor mechanism rupture
- Fracture
- · Evidence of acute inflammation for example
 - haemarthrosis
 - tense effusion

Does your patient wish to be referred? ②

Minimum referral criteria

Does your patient meet the minimum referral criteria?

Category 1

Appointment within 30 days is desirable

- Obstructed/locked knee (unable to reach full extension) with confirmed displaced meniscal tear or loose body and no evidence of arthritis on Xray
- Collateral ligament injury grade 2/3 with or without associated cruciate ligament injury
- · Displaced osteochondral fragment with otherwise normal cartilage

Category 2

Appointment within 90 days is desirable

- Isolated displaced meniscal tear in patient < 30
- Displaced meniscal tear + cruciate ligament rupture in patient < 50

Category 3

Appointment within 365 days is desirable

- Cruciate ligament injuries not meeting criteria for Category 1 or 2
- Suspected or confirmed meniscal injuries not meeting criteria for Category 1 or 2 that fail to settle after 3 months of non-operative management
- · Patella instability without displaced osteochondral fragment

+ Other Orthopaedics conditions

Send referral

Hotline: 1300 364 938

Electronic:

GP Smart Referrals (preferred) eReferral system templates

Medical Objects ID: MQ40290004P HealthLink EDI: qldmnhhs

Mail

Metro North Central Patient Intake Aspley Community Centre 776 Zillmere Road ASPLEY QLD 4034

Health pathways 🔞

Access to Health Pathways is free for clinicians in Metro North Brisbane.

For login details email:

healthpathways@brisbanenorthphn.

org.au

unity.org

Login to Brisbane North Health Pathways:

brisbanenorth.healthpathwayscomm

Locations

Redcliffe Hospital

Royal Brisbane and Women's Hospital

The Prince Charles Hospital

Resources

Specialists list

General referral criteria

If your patient does not meet the minimum referral criteria

Consider other treatment pathways or an alternative diagnosis.

If you still need to refer your patient:

- . Please explain why (e.g. warning signs or symptoms, clinical modifiers, uncertain about diagnosis, etc.)
- · Please note that your referral may not be accepted or may be redirected to another service

Other important information for referring practitioners

Not an exhaustive list

- · Refer to HealthPathways or local guidelines
- Ultrasound may be helpful in diagnosing collateral ligament injuries or meniscal tears if patient does not meet MRI eligibility criteria
- · Adequate chronic disease/lifestyle (SNAP) management is a requirement for most surgical procedures
- · QH infection prevention in arthroplasty guideline (PDF)
- · Pre-operative optimisation for hip and knee arthroplasty

Referral requirements

A referral may be rejected without the following information.

- Essential referral information
- Mechanism of injury
- Current symptoms
- . Examination findings including swelling/effusion, range of motion and ligament exam
- · MRI if patient meets eligibility criteria
 - · Inability to extend the knee
 - Suspected anterior cruciate ligament tear
- · Plain Xray if not eligible for MRI

Additional referral information (useful for processing the referral)

- · Previously injury or surgery
- Management to date
- · Private MRI images to be pushed into the referral (can be requested by GP to action)

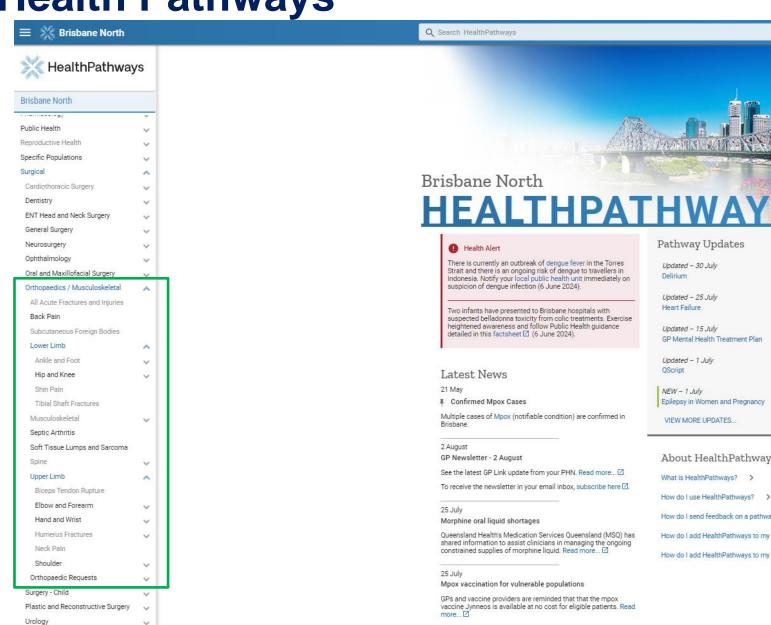
Out of catchment

Metro North Health is responsible for providing public health services to the people who reside within its boundaries. Special consideration is made for patients requiring tertiary care or services that are not provided by their local Hospital and Health Service. If your patient lives outside the Metro North Health area and you wish to refer them to one of our services, inclusion of information regarding their particular medical and social factors will assist with the triaging of your referral.

- + Clinical Modifiers (where relevant)
- + Reason for Referral (essential)
- + Clinical Information (essential)
- + Patient's Demographic Details (essential)
- + Referring Practitioner Details (essential)

Health Pathways

Vascular Surgery





19 July

Epilepsy in Women and Pregnancy

HEALTH PROVIDER PORTAL

METRO NORTH HHS

@ PHN

LOCAL RESOURCES

CLINICAL RESOURCES

A PATIENT RESOURCES

S GP EDUCATION

⊕ NHSD

About HealthPathways

How do I send feedback on a pathway?

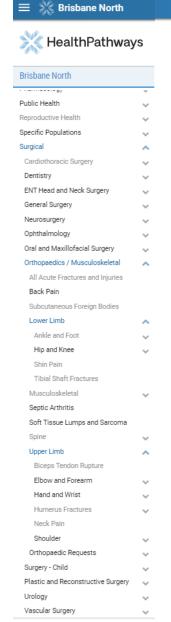
How do I add HealthPathways to my desktop?

How do I add HealthPathways to my mobile?





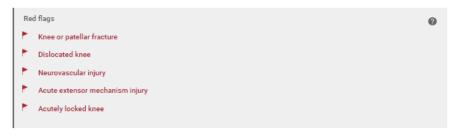
Health Pathways



Q Search HealthPathways

↑ ... / Hip and Knee / Acute Knee Injuries

Acute Knee Injuries



Background

About knee injuries >

Assessment

- 1. Take a history and look for diagnostic clues to the likely injury:
- Anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) injury ➤
- Posterior cruciate ligament (PCL) and collateral ligament injuries ➤
- Meniscal injury ➤
- Knee fracture ➤
- Patellar dislocation ➤
- Knee dislocation ➤
- 2. Perform examination:
- . Note that acute knee injuries are often hard to examine on the first visit. Examination may be more helpful once the knee is
- Perform a general knee examination ➤.
- . Check for extensor mechanism injury suspect if patient is unable to extend the knee against gravity or perform a straight
- . Check pedal and popliteal pulses, motor function, and sensation distal to the injury, to rule out neurovascular compromise.
- 3. If large effusion, consider:
- · hemarthrosis suggestive of ligament injury or meniscal tears.
- knee fracture.
- Consider arranging imaging

Management

- If any red flags V, request acute orthopaedic assessment.
- 2. If stable knee injury without fracture or large effusion and no specific diagnosis, provide general management and follow-up 🗸.
- 2. Managa further according to injury type:

Q Search HealthPathways

Acute Knee Injuries

- 3. Manage further according to injury type:
- ACL injury ➤
- PCL and collateral ligament injuries ➤
- Meniscal tear ➤
- Dislocation of patella
- 4. If the knee is slow to settle, or diagnosis is uncertain, request non-acute orthopaedic assessment for further evaluation.
- 5. Advise the patient about returning to work and sports:
- . Minor injuries usually after 2 to 3 weeks recovery
- . Complete ruptures may need more than 6 weeks recovery
- · Lateral-sided ligament injuries and ACL injuries may require surgery and a longer recovery period
- 6. If difficulty returning to work or sustaining work tasks, consider involving WorkCover Queensland ☑ for eligible injuries.

Request

- · Request acute orthopaedic assessment if:
- · any knee or patellar fracture.
- dislocated knee.
- neurovascular injury.
- · acute extensor mechanism injury.
- acutely locked knee.
- · complete ACL rupture.
- · ACL injury, and examination is positive for ACL injury after 2 weeks.
- · PCL or collateral ligament injury and:
- major lateral sided tear.
- · associated with other knee ligament or meniscal injury.
- significant laxity after review.
- . If significant PCL and/or collateral ligament injury:
- · arrange a hinged brace via a sports or physiotherapy clinic or acute orthopaedic assessment.
- · request non-acute orthopaedic assessment or physiotherapy assessment by an experienced physiotherapist.
- Request non-acute orthopaedic assessment if:
- · meniscal tear with symptoms persisting despite conservative treatment.
- · knee is slow to settle or diagnosis is uncertain.
- · Request physiotherapy assessment if:
- ACL injury.
- · stable knee injury without large effusion.
- meniscal tear.
- · first dislocation of patella and no fracture seen on X-ray.
- . If second or subsequent patella dislocation, consider requesting non-acute orthopaedic assessment for possible surgery if the patient chooses, or otherwise request physiotherapy assessment for conservative management.

Information



For health professionals >

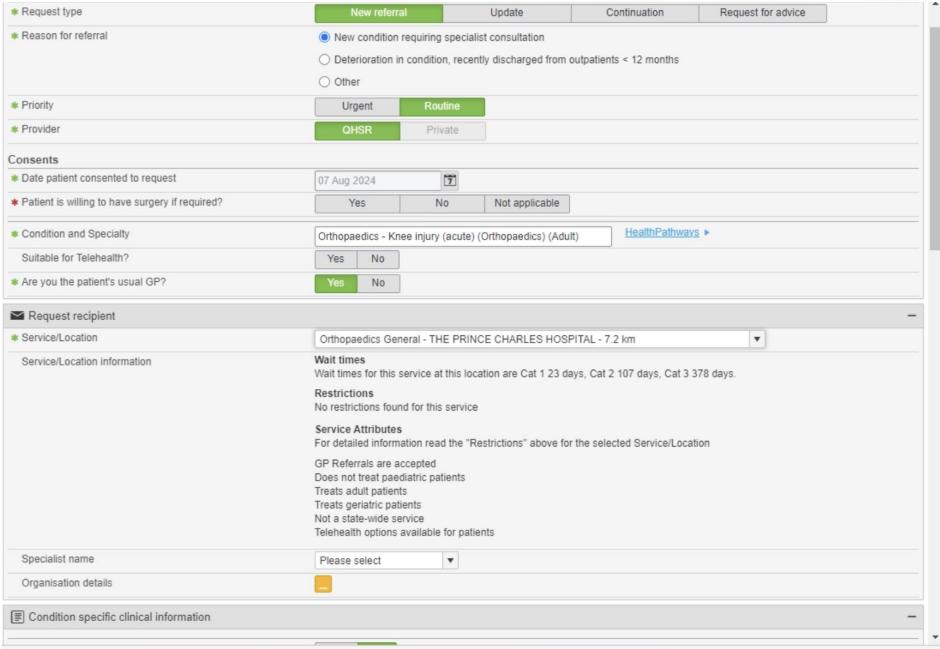


Smart Referrals

Why use it?

- 1. attach any results, imaging or clinical documents (eg ECG, photos)
- 2. Aligned with state-wide referral guidelines provides essential clinical reefrral information required
- 3. Request written advice from certain specialties
- 4. Wait times displayed for each facility
- 5. Integrated with MD & BP

Brisbane North PHN Digital Health Support Officers
GPSR@brisbanenorthphn.org.au



Cancel request

Missing fields 8

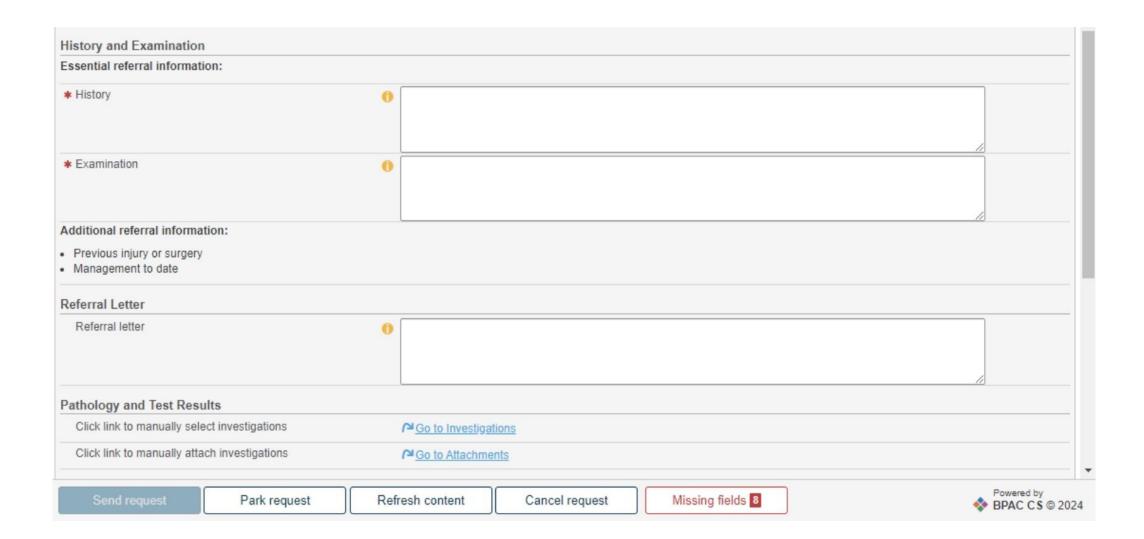
Park request

Refresh content

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Request recipient			-			
* Service/Location		Orthopaedics General - THE PRINCE CHARLES HOSPITAL - 7.2 km ▼				
Service/Location information		Wait times Wait times for this service at this location are Cat 1 23 days, Cat 2 107 days, Cat 3 378 days.				
		Restrictions No restrictions found for this service				
		Service Attributes For detailed information read the "Restrictions" above for the selected Service/Location	П			
		GP Referrals are accepted Does not treat paediatric patients Treats adult patients Treats geriatric patients Not a state-wide service Telehealth options available for patients				
Specialist name		Please select ▼				
Organisation details						
Condition specific clini	cal information	-	•			
Show emergency referral	criteria	Show Hide				
Minimum Referral Criteri	a					
* Minimum referral criteria		Obstructed/locked knee (unable to reach full extension) with confirmed displaced meniscal tear or loose body and no evidence of arthritis on X-ray				
		Collateral ligament injury grade 2/3 with or without associated cruciate ligament injury				
		☐ Displaced osteochondral fragment with otherwise normal cartilage				
		Displaced meniscal tear and cruciate ligament rupture				
		Cruciate ligament injuries not meeting criteria for category 1 or 2				
Suspected or confirmed meniscal injuries not meeting criteria for category 1 or 2 that fail to settle after 3 months of non-operative treatment						
Patella instability without displaced osteochondral fragment						
	Request clinical override of minimum referral criteria					
Send request	Park request	Refresh content Cancel request Missing fields Powered by PAC CS © 2	024			



Metro North Clinical Advice Line

Connecting GPs directly to Metro North specialties.

The Metro North Health Clinical Advice Line connects local GPs to specialist advice from hospital and community clinicians. There are two pathways:

- 1. Phone line
- 2. Written request for advice.

The range of adult specialities currently available to support patient care in the community includes: (This list will expand over time so keep coming back for the latest advice services available)

1. Phone advice

Specialty	<u>Catchment</u> *	Exclusion Criteria
General Medicine and <u>Rapid</u> <u>Access Clinic</u>	TPCH	Excludes Cardiology, Heart Failure or Respiratory Conditions Excludes Residential Aged Care residents (Call RADAR - 1300 072 327)
<u>Haematology</u>	Metro North	Excludes Patients under 16 years
Heart Failure Service and <u>Rapid</u> Access Clinic	Redcliffe TPCH	Excludes New heart failure patients Excludes Patients seen by another heart failure service
Inflammatory Bowel Disease	Redcliffe Caboolture	Excludes Patient anticipated to require surgical input
Metro North Persistent Pain Centre/ Tess Cramond Pain and Research Centre Clinical advice available Tuesday – Friday 9:00am – 12:00pm	Metro North Central Queensland Central West Darling Downs West Moreton	Excludes patients under 16 years Excludes outside catchment
Metro North Virtual Ward	Metro North Central West Norfolk Island	Excludes patients under 16 years Excludes Residential Aged Care residents (Call RADAR - 1300 072 327)
Healthy Ageing Assessment Rehabilitation Team (HAART)	Kallangur Satellite Hospital	Patients may be ineligible if: Currently accessing equivalent services in public or private sector Reside outside of catchment area Medically unstable requiring inpatient assessment or currently an inpatient Only require therapy for maintenance of chronic condition Residential aged care facility residents
Rapid Access to Community Care	Metro North	Excludes Patients under 16years Excludes Acute mental health, alcohol or drugs related. Excludes Residential Aged Care Facility Residents (Call RADAR - 1300 072 327)

Clinical Advice Line

1800 569 099

Open Monday to Friday 8.30am – 4.00pm

Note: This is for GPs only and the phone line is not open to patients.

Want to learn more?

For more information, please call the advice line or email MNH_SpecialtyAdviceLine
@health.qld.gov.au.

The team can also undertake engagement sessions with interested GPs (Virtual or Face to Face).

Sexual Health	Metro North	Excludes Patients under 14 years
Sleep Disorders	TPCH Caboolture Redcliffe	Excludes Patients seen by another Sleep Unit
Termination of Pregnancy	Metro North	Excludes Outside Metro North referral catchment
Vestibular Rapid Access Service	ТРСН	Out of catchment for TPCH

^{*}Catchment - where the patient would usually be referred for a face to face specialist outpatient clinic appointment.

Note: If you think your patient is new to any of these services on the page, please ensure your patient is aware you are seeking advice and they consent to their demographic details, including Medicare number, being provided to Metro North Health at the time of the call.

Call the Clinical Advice Line, Monday to Friday 8:30am to 4.00pm on

1800 569 099

Note: this is for GPs only and the phone line is not open to patients.

Other advice lines and services for GPs can be found in our Services contact list (PDF)



Rapid Access Services

On this page

General Medicine Rapid Access Clinic (RAC) - The Prince Charles Hospital Catchment

Healthy Ageing Assessment Rehabilitation Team (HAART) Rapid Access Clinician - Kallangur Satellite Hospital Catchment

Older Persons Emergency Network (OPEN): Fracture Service for RACFs - Metro North catchment

Rapid Access to Community Care Service - Metro North wide catchment

Rapid Access Heart Failure Treatment Service (RAHFTS)

Metro North Virtual Ward - Metro North wide catchment

Vestibular Rapid Access Service - The Prince Charles Hospital

Eye Casualty - RBWH

Metro North Health is piloting a number of Rapid Access Clinics and Services. These services provide assessment and treatment to patients requiring escalation of care. They aim to bypass the need to attend ED where this is avoidable.

Referrals for most Rapid Access Clinics can be made by calling the <u>Metro North Clinical Advice Line</u> on 1800 569 099, Monday to Friday, 8:30am – 4pm. Eye Casualty is a walk in only clinic, please send referral information with the patient.

This page will be updated as further services are made available.

General Medicine Rapid Access Clinic (RAC) – The Prince Charles Hospital Catchment

This clinic provides adult patients in the TPCH catchment area with a rapid general medicine clinic assessment and treatment (within 2-3 business days). The aim is to prevent an avoidable Emergency Department (ED) presentation by providing an early specialist intervention (but shouldn't be seen as an alternative to an outsastient clinic referral).

Operates Monday to Friday 8.30am -4pm.

- Eligibility Criteria
- + How to Refer
- Referral information required
- + How will I know the outcome of the visit?
- More information

Healthy Ageing Assessment Rehabilitation Team (HAART) Rapid Access Clinician – Kallangur Satellite Hospital Catchment

The Rapid Access Clinician (RAC) is an Advanced Occupational Therapist within the Kallangur Satellite Hospital Healthy Ageing Assessment Rehabilitation Team (HAART). RAC provides same day or next day assessment and interventions to prevent hospital presentations from age related medical conditions.

The Rapid Access Clinician is available Monday to Friday 8.00am - 4.30pm.

- Eligibility Criteria
- How to Refer
- + Referral information required
- More information

Contact us

Metro North Clinical Advice Line

Phone: 1800 569 099 Hours: Monday to Friday,

Rapid Access to Community Care (RACC) Phone: 1300 220 922

Older Persons Emergency Network (OPEN): Fracture Service for RACFs – Metro North catchment

OPEN is an emergency department substitution service offering emergency care for older people in their own home. The Fracture service provides fracture management for residential aged care facilities. Services include acute fracture management, fracture follow up, plaster application/re-application and medical imaging. The multidisciplinary team consists of senior medical officers, nurse practitioners and pharmacists.

OPEN operates 7 days a week 8.00am - 8.00pm.

- + Eligibility Criteria
- How to Refer
- + Referral information required
- + How will I know the outcome of the visit?
- More information

Rapid Access to Community Care Service – Metro North wide catchment

Rapid Access to Community Care (RACC) provides timely access to community care for community adult clients to prevent avoidable hospital presentations.

RACC accepts direct clinician to clinician referrals via phone from GPs for adult patients experiencing chronic disease exacerbation and illness requiring rapid community response.

Operates Monday to Friday 8am - 4pm.

- + Eligibility Criteria
- + How to Refer
- + Who will see the patient?
- Referral information required
- + How will I know the outcome of the visit?
- + For more information

Rapid Access Heart Failure Treatment Service (RAHFTS)

The aim is to prevent an avoidable Emergency Department presentation for heart failure by providing early specialist nursing intervention within 24 to 72 hours. IV diuretics can be administered.

- Eligibility Criteria
- How to Refer
- Referral information required
- + How will I know the outcome of the visit?
- For more information

General Practice Liaison Officer Program

Metro North Virtual Ward - Metro North wide catchment

Metro North Virtual Ward provides timely access to acute virtual care in the community for adult clients to prevent avoidable hospital presentations. The Virtual Ward team includes medical officers, nurses, pharmacists, and social workers and provides acute admitted inpatient level care for patients in their own home via telehealth.

Where required, patients will be provided with an oxygen saturation probe, blood pressure machine, thermometer, glucometer or scales free of charge to monitor their vital signs during their admission. The Virtual Ward admission is expected to be short term with transfer back to the referring general practitioner for ongoing care as soon as the acute problem is clinically stable, or a direct admission to a hospital ward facilitated if required.

Operates Monday to Sunday 7am - 7pm with a deteriorating hotline for patients to call outside of those hours that is answered by an experienced Virtual Ward nurse.

- + Eligibility Criteria
- + How to Refer
- + Referral information required
- + How will I know the outcome of the visit?
- For more information

Vestibular Rapid Access Service - The Prince Charles Hospital

This clinic provides physiotherapy-led vestibular assessment and treatment for adult patients in The Prince Charles Hospital catchment within 1-2 business days. The aim is to prevent an avoidable Emergency Department presentation by providing early specialist intervention.

The Rapid Access Service operates Monday to Friday 8am - 4pm.

- + Eligibility Criteria
- How to Refer
- Referral information required
- + How will I know the outcome of the visit?
- + For more information

Eye Casualty - RBWH

This clinic provides adult patients in the Metro North catchment area with a rapid eye assessment and treatment on a walk in basis only. Eye Casualty is a Rapid Access Clinic for acute or urgent eye assessment and patients are triaged on arrival; and seen in order of assessed urgency.

Eye Casualty is located on level 8, Ned Hanlon Building, RBWH and operates Monday to Friday 8.00am – 3.00pm. Please refer to the Department of Emergency Medicine, RBWH outside these hours.

- Eligibility Criteria
- + How to Refer
- Referral information required
- For more information



Request for Advice (RFA)

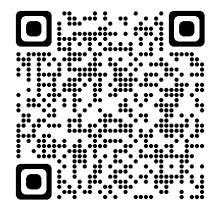
2. Written request for advice

GPs can seek advice via the written "request for advice" (RFA) via GP Smart Referrals (GPSR) for the specialties listed below. Details of how to send the RFA in GPSR and how the response is provided via the Request for Advice function on GPSR information sheet. (PDF)

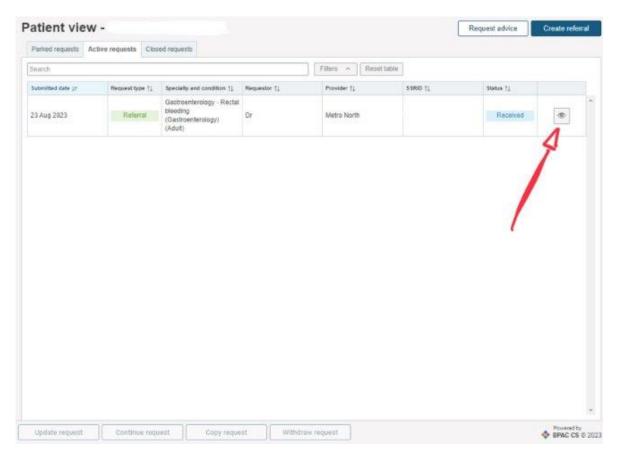
Specialty	Catchment*	Exclusion Criteria
General Medicine	ТРСН	 Cardiology, Heart Failure or Respiratory Conditions Residential Aged Care residents (Call RADAR)
Metro North Persistent Pain Centre/ Tess Cramond Pain and Research Centre	Metro North Central Queensland Central West Darling Downs West Moreton	Excludes patients under 16 years Excludes outside catchment
Paediatric Medicine	Redcliffe	Out of catchment for Redcliffe
Rheumatology	Redcliffe	Out of catchment for Redcliffe
Urology	RBWH	Out of catchment for RBWH

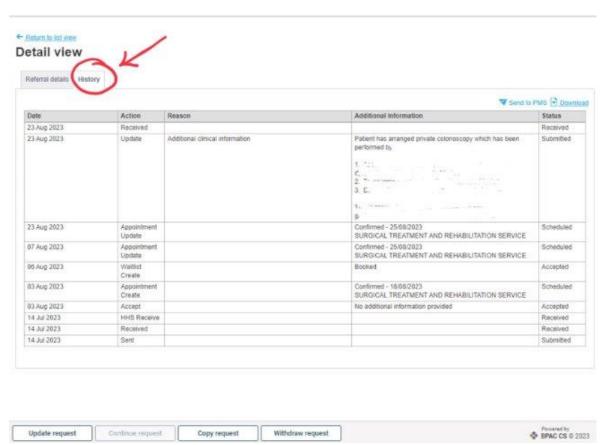
^{*}Catchment - where the patient would usually be referred for a face to face specialist outpatient clinic appointment.

Please do not request urgent advice via this method. If there are no in-catchment services that offer Request for Advice for your patient, the Service will show as 'Out of Catchment'. In this instance it is recommended that a referral is created to an appropriate service within catchment for the patient.



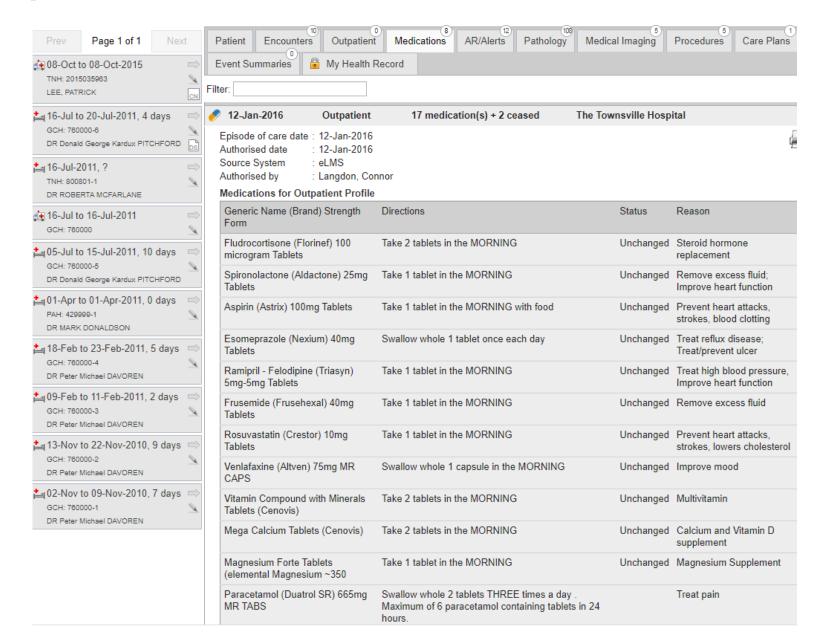
Request for Advice (RFA)





Health Provider Portal / "The Viewer"

- Provides Queensland's
 *eligible health practitioners
 (HPs) with secure online
 access to their patient'
 Queensland Health (QH)
 records.
- Read-only online access will allow HPs to view public hospital information including appointment records, clinic letters, inpatient & ED discharge summaries, radiology & pathology reports, and medication details.
- * Queensland AHPRA registered GPs, nurses, midwives, optometrists, paramedics & pharmacists



Queensland Virtual Hospital Virtual Emergency Care Service

Fact Sheet for General Practitioners

The Virtual Emergency Care Service (VECS) provides Queensland General Practitioners (GPs) with access to specialist emergency medicine advice by telephone or live streamed video-conference.

The VECS Emergency Medicine (EM) Physicians can assist you with advice, support, and access to HHS services:

- This service is available to GPs across Queensland and can be accessed as either a
 consultation about a patient or a joint consultation with the patient.
- Advice and support are available for any patient with any condition.
 - NOTE: For life threatening emergencies call triple zero (000) and request Ambulance Services. The VECS is not intended to be used for patients experiencing a life-threatening emergency.
- . The VECS EM Physicians can help you manage your patient in the community by:
 - Providing advice for ongoing management
 - Facilitating access to HHS based community services such as community nurses and HITH
 - · Facilitating access to an outpatient specialist review
- The VECS EM Physicians can consult with you to assist in navigation to access other local services:
 - Urgent outpatient review in Rapid Access Clinic or sub-specialty telephone advice.
 - "Direct to bed" admission in HITH or subspecialty inpatient services where local pathways are in place for your HHS.

How to access the VECS

Call 1300 847 833

Monday to Sunday 8am -10pm

The VECS team are aware that your time is precious. Clinician calls are prioritised, however if you prefer, we can schedule a call back.

You will be connected to an experienced emergency nurse. Please have the following information ready:

- Your name and phone number
- The patient's name, date of birth, hospital number (if available) and brief description of the problem
- 3. The practice phone number





Queensland Virtual Hospital Virtual Emergency Care Service

Clinician service

Open: 7 days

(8am-10pm Monday to Sunday)

The triage nurse will be accessing previous hospital information on your patient while you consult with the medical staff. The VECS EM Physician will speak with you as soon as possible.

During busy times they will sometimes need to call you back and the triage nurse will be able to advise of the likely time frame for the call. You may prefer to ask your patient to sit in the waiting room for a short period until both medical practitioners are available for the consultation.

- If you request a face-to-face consultation and you have a computer with a camera or a smartphone, the VECS team will send you an appointment link.
- While the consultation is in progress, VECS staff may contact your practice for further patient details if required, to complete the registration process.
- During the consultation a management plan will be agreed and later documented by the VECS clinical team. These notes will be uploaded into the Health Practitioner Portal/The Visuous
- The following day, you will be contacted via email for feedback about the service and the
 patient will be contacted as indicated.

Examples of presentations the VECS service can be used for*

- Asymptomatic hypertension
- · Soft tissue infections/cellulitis
- Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT)
- Urinary tract infection
- . Diabetic patient with high BSLs
- Fever in children
- Vertigo
- Acute Low back pain
- Gastroenteritis
- Minor sports injuries
- · Minor head injuries
- Viral illness (including COVID-19)
- Headache

*Please note this is not an exhaustive list and if you are unsure whether the VECS team can assist please feel free to call and speak with one of the friendly VECS team.

Further information is available on the VECS webpage.



medicare

Urgent Care Clinic

Urgent care

When you have an injury or illness that can't wait for a regular GP appointment but is not life-threatening.

- Minor infections
- Minor fractures, sprains, sports injuries and neck and back pain
- Urinary tract infections (UTIs)
- Sexually transmitted infections (STIs)
- Minor cuts
- Insect bites and rashes
- · Minor eye and ear infections
- · Respiratory illness
- Gastroenteritis
- Mild burns

The Murrumba Downs Medicare Urgent Care Clinic is now open and accepting patients.

Open 7 days (Monday to Sunday) 8.00 am to 8.00 pm

Located in the Murrumba Downs Medical and Dental Centre at corner Dohles Rocks Road and Goodrich Road West, Murrumba Downs.

Get directions

Book an appointment

The Northside Medicare Urgent Care Clinic is now open and accepting patients.

Open 7 days (Monday to Sunday) 8.00 am to 8.00 pm Located at Family Doctors Kedron, 11 Brookfield Road, Kedron.

Get directions

The Morayfield Medicare Urgent Care Clinic is now open and accepting patients.

Open 7 days (Monday to Sunday) 8.00 am to 8.00 pm Located at Health Hub Doctors, 19–31 Dickson Road, Morayfield.

Get directions

Book an appointment

Walk-ins welcome. All appointments are bulk-billed.

Visitor information

Bribie IslandSatellite Hospital

(Yarun)

Caboolture Satellite Hospital (Kabul)

KallangurSatellite Hospital (Kalangoor)



Address:

Bribie Island Satellite Hospital 103 First Avenue, Bongaree (07) 3410 2800

Parking and public transport Free onsite parking.

Closest bus stop on First Avenue – stop number 319882.

Closest bus stop on Goodwin Drive – stop number 319881.

Address:

Caboolture Satellite Hospital 15 Rowe Street, Caboolture (07) 5433 7555

Parking and public transport
Free onsite parking. Adjacent to
Caboolture Train Station.

Caboolture Hospital is located approximately 1.6 kilometres east along McKean Street.

Address:

Kallangur Satellite Hospital 9 Stoker Way, Kallangur (07) 3285 0000

Parking and public transport Free onsite parking.

Adjacent to Kallangur Train Station.



Visit a Satellite Hospital

Minor Injury and Illness Clinic

The Minor Injury and Illness Clinic provides **walk-in urgent care** for illnesses and injuries not anticipated to be life-threatening.

The clinic is run by a team of doctors, nurses and allied health professionals experienced in treating urgent medical needs. They can assess, diagnose, and treat a wide range of minor injuries and illness in adults, teenagers, young children and babies older than three months of age.



For more information scan the QR Code to visit the Metro North Satellite Hospital website page, or visit www.metronorth.health.qld.gov.au



Queensland Government

Virtual Ward Metro North Health

Search...

Q

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About the Virtual Ward

Health professionals

COVID-19

Monkeypox

Home » Health professionals

Health Professionals

If you are a Queensland Health employee, please refer to the Metro North Virtual Ward Intranet Page (QH network only) available on QHEPS to access the internal referral form.

The Metro North Virtual Ward (VW) is an additional telehealth service that complements the current Virtual Emergency Department, Covid Virtual Ward, and Hospital-in-the-home services available within the Metro North Health region. Given the success of the virtual care model, the Metro North VW can now admit and manage patients with conditions other than COVID.

The VW can assist GP's by providing an inpatient equivalent admission for eligible patients.

On admission patients will be provided with team-based care via regular phone calls and/or video consults. The ward is based at the Royal Brisbane and Women's Hospital, from 0700 to 1930, 7 days a week, with overnight access to medical support. The patients will have access to medical, nursing, pharmacy, and social work support.

What can Virtual Ward provide?

Monitoring determined by patient's primary illness and co-morbidities.

Where required, patients will be provided with the following monitoring equipment free of charge and delivered to their home:

- Oxygen saturation probe
- · Blood pressure monitor
- Thermometer
- · Facilitation of relevant investigations i.e.- Blood tests, medical imaging including MRI, ECG, Echo
- · Facilitation of Specialist opinion
- Pharmacy review
- · Referral to Allied Health

Which patients are eligible for admission to the VW?

Patients who require a brief period of monitoring and treatment which would otherwise require them to stay in hospital.

Patients at risk of deterioration, which if detected early, can be managed at home with the aim that hospital admission be avoided.

Patients where daily review in between planned GP review would be helpful.

Examples of conditions that may be suitable for admission include:

- COVID
- community acquired pneumonia, infective exacerbations of asthma and other chronic obstructive airway conditions
- infections including cellulitis, osteomyelitis, UTI
- · severe hypertension without neurological red flags for short term monitoring, medication adjustment
- · hyperglycaemia without ketoacidosis for short term monitoring, medication adjustment.
- · electrolyte abnormalities requiring monitoring
- · supratherapeutic INR for short term monitoring
- serendipitous lumps to expedite investigation and Specialist review.

How to refer your patients to VW?

Phone 07 3074 2109 in hours (0800-1700hrs) or phone RBWH switchboard out of hours on 07 36468111 and ask to speak to the Virtual Ward Consultant.

If your patient is accepted, please complete the VW referral form (available as Best Practice template or PDF) and email MN-VirtualWardAdmin@health.qld.gov.au.

How to monitor your patients progress?

You can review your patient's daily progress via the Health Provider Portal/Viewer.

A discharge summary will be sent at the end of the admission.

If you would like to contribute further information at any stage about your patient, please phone the Virtual Ward Consultant on 07 3074 2109.



Metro North Orthopaedic and allied health services overview





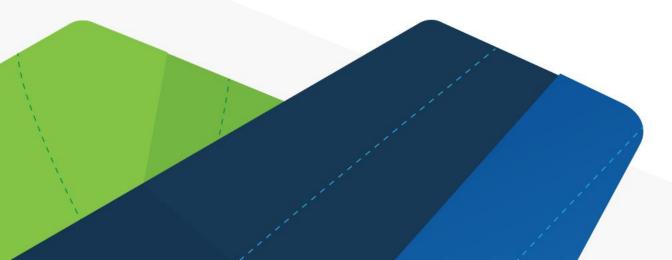


Metro North Health Physiotherapy Outpatient Services

Matthew Stewart,

Advanced Musculoskeletal Physiotherapist / Team Leader

Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy Screening Clinics and Multidisciplinary Service and Physiotherapy Outpatients, RBWH





Physio OPD Services – Overview

- Acute Musculoskeletal conditions:
 - Soft tissue injuries and acute pain conditions (e.g. acute LBP, etc)
 - Pre-/Post- Orthopaedic Surgery
 - Post-Orthopaedic Fracture Management
- ThriveOA group-exercise class for hip/knee osteoarthritis
- Pelvic health
- Exclusions: <14 years, DVA Gold, Workcover, acute fractures, Neuro/balance, respiratory, maintenance therapy

Physio OPD Services – local considerations

- RBWH
 - Hand Therapy
 - Hydrotherapy
- TKR classes
 - TPCH and Caboolture
- TPCH
 - ACL classes (pre- and post-rehab)
 - Persistent pain classes (incl. rheumatological conditions)
 - Paediatrics general MSK and post-surgical, excludes <5yrs and developmental conditions)



How to Refer

- Metro North CPI
 - Smart Referrals or Secure Messaging
- Do not fax to hospital departments



Queensland Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy Screening Clinic and Multidisciplinary Service (MPSC & MDS)

Dr Andrew Hislop Ph.D., M.Phty, Grad. Cert. Phty, B. Phty, APAM

- 1. Orthopaedic Physiotherapy Screening Clinical and Team Leader, TPCH
- 2. Research Co-Ordinator, Caboolture, Kilcoy and Woodford Directorate
- 3. Project Officer, MPSC & MDS, Royal Brisbane & Women's Hospital



Statewide MPSC & MDS

- Royal Brisbane and Women's Hospital
- Embedded 17 specialist outpatient services statewide
- Neurosurgical, RBWH and North Lakes
- Orthopaedics, TPCH and Pine Rivers Community Health Centre
- Multidisciplinary services
 - Physiotherapy, Dietetics, Psychology, Pharmacy, OT#
- Statewide ~70% patients
 - discharged without need for specialist services¹
 - report clinically important improvement in their conditon¹
- Cost-effective², 5% re-presentation rate³







OPSC & MDS

Model of Care

GP referral ↓

Orthopaedic Consultant

Category 3 Non-urgent AND Meets

OPSC and MDS inclusion criteria

Advanced Musculoskeletal Physiotherapist (AMP)
Initial assessment

Nonsurgical treatment

Yes

Yes No

Specialist review

No

No Yes*

Review Assessment by AMP (if indicated)



"OPSC and MDS criteria"

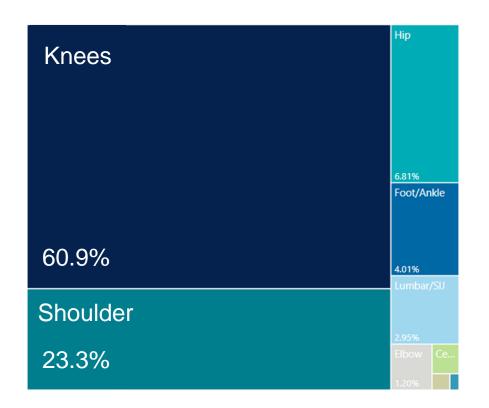
- 1. Mild to mod. radiographic KOA
- 2. Degenerative meniscal changes
 - 3. Mild hip OA
- 4. All shoulder referrals

*+/- escalation of category



OPSC & MDS

Service profile







Average 4 months in MDS



Average Global Rating of Change = 2.5/5

75% people have minimally clinically important benefit

OPSC & MDS

Factors informing AMP decision-making



Age

History

Radiology

Range of Motion

Weight

Pain, function, QoL

Strength, Balance

Lifestyle

capacity, sedentary behaviour, nutrition exercise, sleep, self-managing, coper

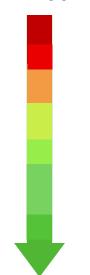
Non-surgical management

physiotherapy, education and advice, medication, injections

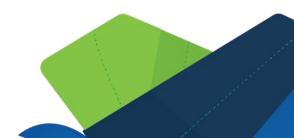
Helpful/Unhelpful beliefs

condition, exercise/activity, surgery outcomes/risk, medications





Modifiable



Orthopaedic Screening in Primary Care and Multidisciplinary Service (OSiP & MDS)

Alex Vallini, Mulligan, B. Phty, APAM

Clinical and Team Leader

Orthopaedic Screening in Primary Care and Multidisciplinary Services

(OSiP & MDS)



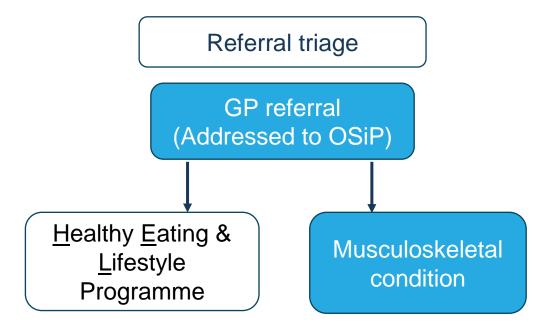
OSiP & MDS

Background

- PINE RIVERS COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE
- Since 2014 at Pine Rivers Community Health Centre
- Permanently funded in 2017 (jurisdiction of TPCH)
- Aim: to decrease referral demand on hospitals' specialist outpatient clinics across Metro North.



Orthopaedic Physiotherapy Screening in Primary Care (OSiP)



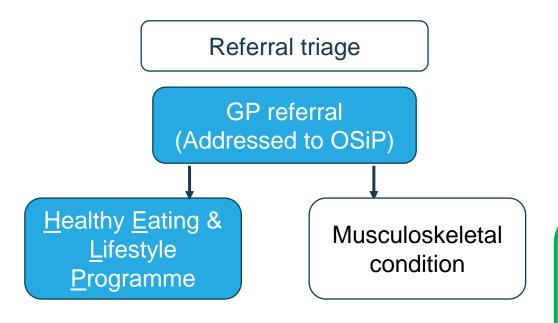


People who would benefit from:

- Weight management
- Developing a healthy attitude towards eating
- Learning how to enjoy healthy eating
- Maintaining long-term behaviour changes (e.g. food, activity levels)



Orthopaedic Physiotherapy Screening in Primary Care (OSiP)





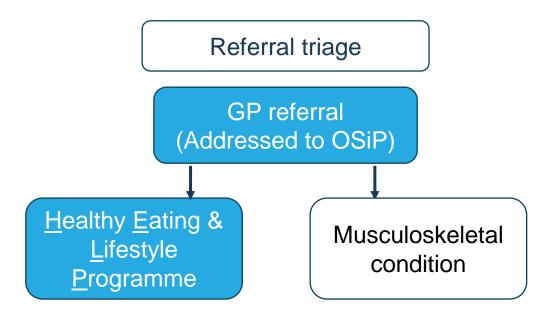
Included:

MSK Condition (e.g. Spinal and Peripheral)
Exercise / Activity plans (e.g. Medically managed RA, Fibromyalgia, general deconditioning)

Excluded:

Post Acute fracture, post-op patients
Workcover / Compulsory Third
Party insurance / claims patients
Red Flags (e.g Ca)

Orthopaedic Physiotherapy Screening in Primary Care (OSiP)





Services available

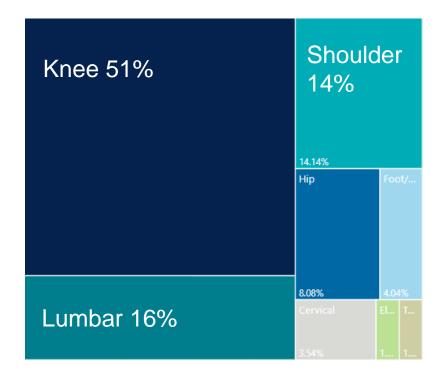
- Physiotherapy
- THRIVEOA (exercise group for people with knee/hip osteoarthritis)
 - Hydrotherapy
 - Psychology (limited service)



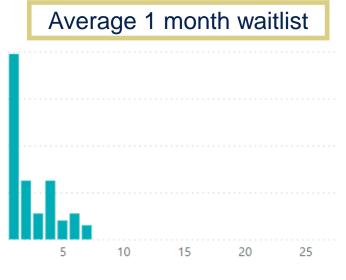
OSiP



Patient profile







Months

Average Global Rating of Change = 3.2/5

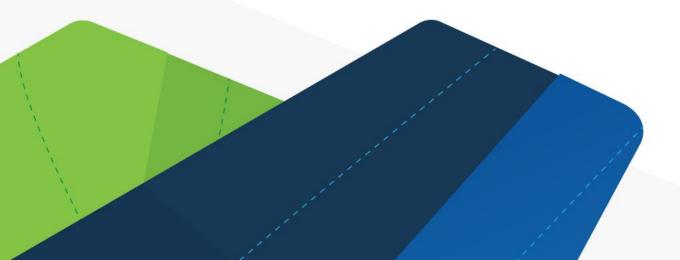
78% people have minimally clinically important benefit

Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy Screening Clinic and Multidisciplinary Service, RBWH

Matthew Stewart

Advanced Musculoskeletal Physiotherapist / Team Leader

Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy Screening Clinics and Multidisciplinary Service and Physiotherapy Outpatients, RBWH





MPSC & MDS, RBWH

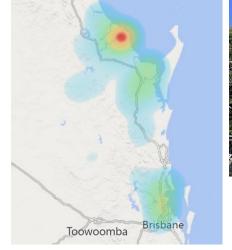
- Orthopaedic Spines Cat 2 & 3 and Shoulders Cat 3
- Neurosurgery Spines Cat 2 & 3
- Maxillofacial TMJ/jaw pain Cat 3



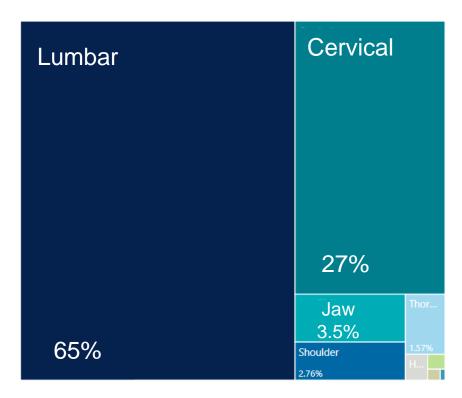


MPSC & MDS

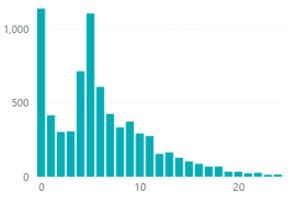
Service profile







Average 6 months in MPSC



60% people have minimally clinically important benefit



Redcliffe Orthopaedics Dr Alexey Borshch

Metro North
Occupational Therapy
services



Older Persons Emergency Network Metro North

Julie Oliver Nursing Director

QAS co-response emergency department substitution model providing an acute outreach service for frail older persons living in residential aged care facilities (RACF's) in Metro North and community dwellers in Caboolture and Redcliffe regions.

OPEN Fracture Clinic

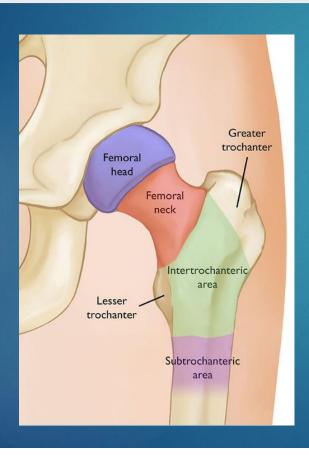
PURPOSE

Provide an outreach fracture clinic to the residents in Residential & Aged Care Facilities (RACF) who have:

- simple fractures
- complex fractures, where the resident is not a surgical candidate and can be safely managed in the facility
- Post Neck of Femur (NOF) care



Pre-hospital Fractured Neck of Femur Pathway



PURPOSE

- Enhance patient care for patients with a suspected fractured Neck of Femur (#NOF) before hospital admission.
- Develop and implement a pre-hospital #NOF pathway model for early assessment, diagnosis and intervention, facilitating direct admission to the appropriate hospital with the aim to enhance patient flow and outcomes.

Who can refer to the Fracture Clinic?

- Redcliffe Fracture Clinic
- Emergency departments
- General Practitioners
- Older Persons Emergency Network
- Metro North RADAR teams
- QAS

Who can refer to the pre-hospital NOF team?

QAS

Referrals via email: RRFC@health.qld.gov.au

Management of acute knee injuries in general practice Panel Discussion

Dr Alexey Borshch Acting Director of Orthopaedics, Redcliffe Hospital

Dr Andrew Hislop Orthopaedic Physiotherapy Screening Clinical and Team Leader, TPCH

Dr Loretta O'Sullivan-Pippia Advanced Physiotherapist, OPSC + OSiP

Alex Vallini
Clinical and Team Leader, OSiP & MDS







Case-scenarios: Acute traumatic knee injury

Discuss the management of an acute traumatic knee injury (e.g. investigations, bracing, specialist/physiotherapy referral, surgical indication and timing thereof) for an acute traumatic knee injury if the patient is,

- 1. 17 years
- 2. 35 years
- 3. 55 years



Redcliffe Hospital Department of Orthopaedic Surgery

Common upper limb fractures

What could be managed in primary care and when to refer





Common upper limb fractures

What could be managed in primary care and when to refer

Dr. Alexey Borshch

- Orthopaedic surgeon
- Redcliffe Hospital, STARS, BPH

Jessica Porter for Jacqueline Nix

- Director of Occupational Therapy
- Redcliffe Hospital





Redcliffe Hospital Orthopaedic Department

20% Elective / 80% Trauma Surgery

~220 trauma surgeries per month

~550 New fracture clinic patients per

month

9 Consultant

8 PHOs

2 Training Registrars

Hand Therapy

Physiotherapy

Occupational Therapy



Common upper limb fractures

Phalanx

Metacarpal

Carpal

Distal radius

Forearm

Radial head

Olecranon

Humerus shaft

Proximal humerus

Clavicle



24 yo Labourer

- Finger jammed in between two pieces of wood at work
- Presents with drop finger





24 yo Labourer

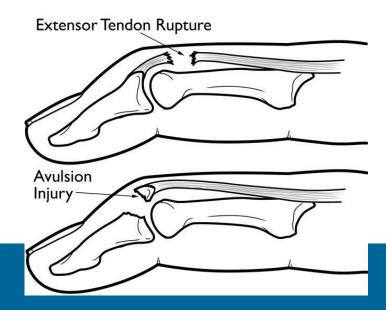
- Finger jammed in between two pieces of wood at work
- Presents with drop finger
- What is the diagnosis?





24 yo Labourer

- Finger jammed in between two pieces of wood at work
- Presents with drop finger
- What's next?







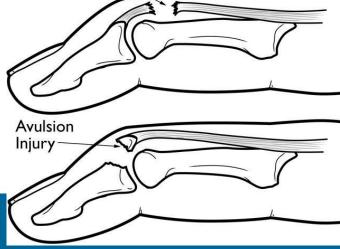
24 yo Labourer

Finger jammed in between two pieces of wood at work

- Presents with drop finger



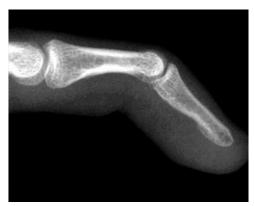


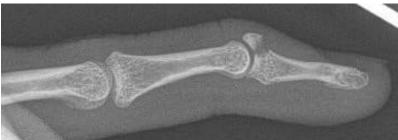




Phalanx Fractures – Mallet finger

Primary care

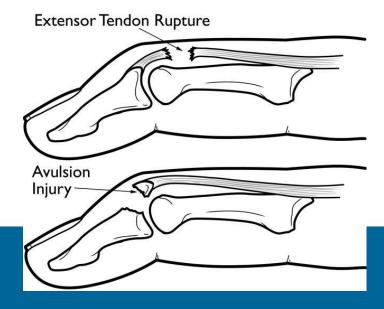




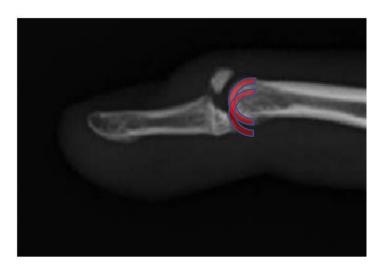
Metro North
Hospital and
Health Service

Soft tissue mallet / non-subluxated Fracture

- Splint in extension (not hyperextension) for 6 weeks
- Then night splint for 6 weeks Subluxated / Large fracture
- Consider Surgery



Refer





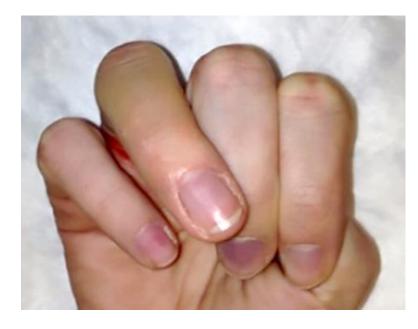


25 yo Softball player

Finger vs ball
Presents with pain and swelling

What is the diagnosis?



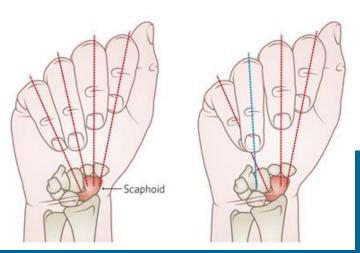


25 yo Softball player

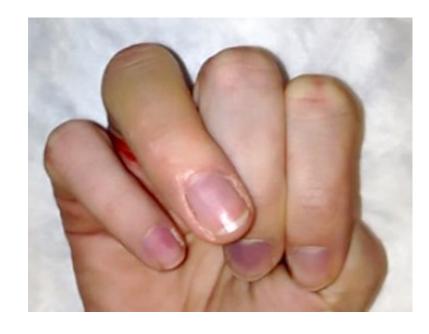
Finger vs ball
Presents with pain and swelling

What next?







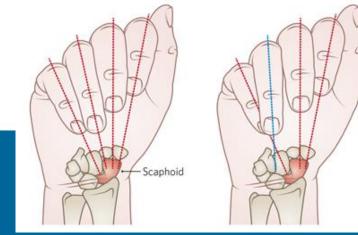


25 yo Softball player

Finger vs ball
Presents with pain and swelling









Phalanx Fractures

Primary care



Usually very challenging to hold in a splint

Volar plate fractures

- Extension block splinting or buddy taping

Refer all others

- Subtle deformity can lead to significant dysfunction





Refer





73 yo F

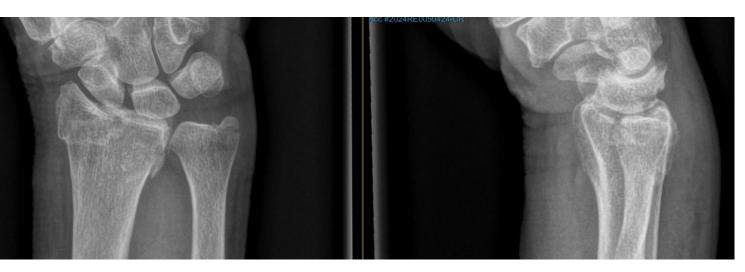
Fall in the garden. Painful, deformed wrist. What next?





73 yo F

Fall in the garden. Painful, deformed wrist.



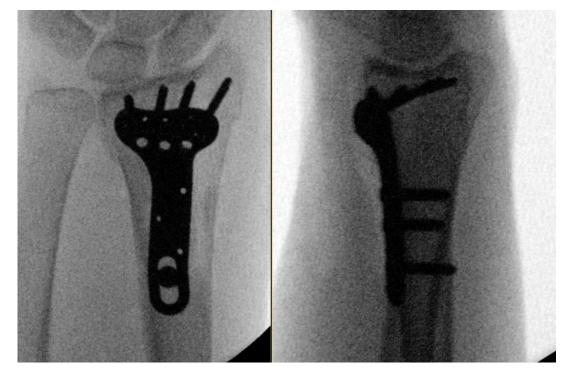




73 yo F

Fall in the garden. Painful, deformed wrist.





Metro North Hospital and Health Service



Distal radius fractures

Primary care



Undisplaced / No dorsal tilt / Elderly – can manage in a cast

Displaced / intra-articular / angulated - Likely surgery

Beware of EPL rupture in undisplaced #







Refer





53 yo F

Fall over cat onto right elbow. Pain with pronation and supination.

What examination findings matter?





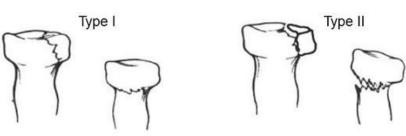
Radial head fractures

Primary care

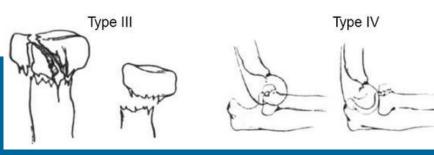


Mason classification
Type 1 (<2mm) and some Type 2
(>2mm)

- If no mechanical block to pronation / supination
- ROM as tolerated, sling for comfort for 6 weeks



Refer





12 yo M

Fall onto arm at school. Pain when straightening the elbow.

What are the differentials?



12 yo M

Fall onto arm at school. Unable to straigthen elbow.





Olecranon fractures

Primary care



Undisplaced / Elderly

- Could manage in extension cast

- Most others treated with surgery



Refer



Metro North
Hospital and
Health Service





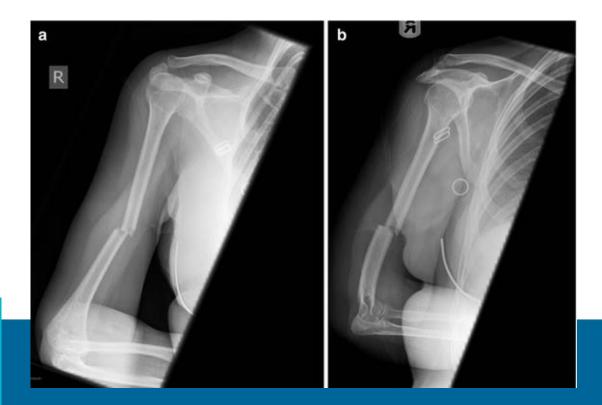


Sic 3

36 yo F

Collided with another player in soccer.

What are the treatment options?





Humerus shaft fractures

Primary care



Some transverse fractures

- Sarmiento brace

Most others are challenging to hold



Refer







65 yo M

Fall off pushbike.

What advice to give to patient?

What is the outcome with non-op?





Proximal humerus fractures

Primary care



Metro North
Hospital and
Health Service

Minimal displacement – regardless of number of pieces

- Sling

Significant ??? Displacement

- subjective



Refer





Case 8

27 yo M

Rugby tackle.

Skin is ok.

What are the deforming forces?





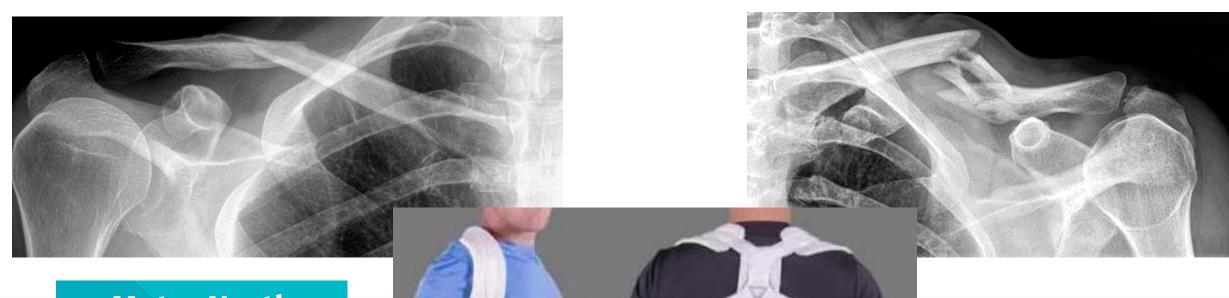
Clavicle fractures

Primary care

Historically managed non-op - <2cm displacement

Refer

Increasing rate of surgery due to slightly better function





Redcliffe Hospital Orthopaedics

Primary care

- Manage within comfort level
 - Manage within resources
 - Call for advice

Refer

- Anything complex
- Anything requiring resources
- Anything outside comfort level

On-call Registrar / PHO: 3883 9720



Metacarpal fractures

Primary care



Central metacarpals with no rotation and minimal shortening

- POSI (position of safe immobilization)

Refer all others



Refer





Carpal fractures

Primary care

High risk of complications
High risk of associated ligamentous
injuries

Refer







Thumb fractures

Primary care



Challenging to splint due to complex deforming forces

Very forgiving joint with high degree of freedom / ROM

Usually best to refer

Refer





Radius and ulna fractures

Primary care

Challenging to prevent progressive deformity

Usually managed with surgery





Scapula fractures

Primary care



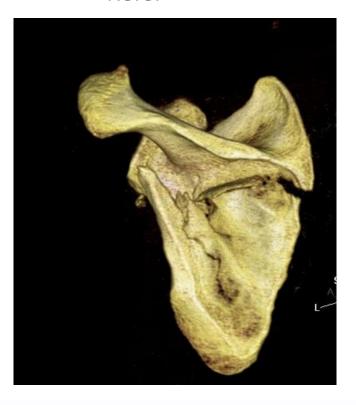
Scapula body fractures

- Usually non-operative

Anything close to the glenoid

- May need surgery

Refer











Overview

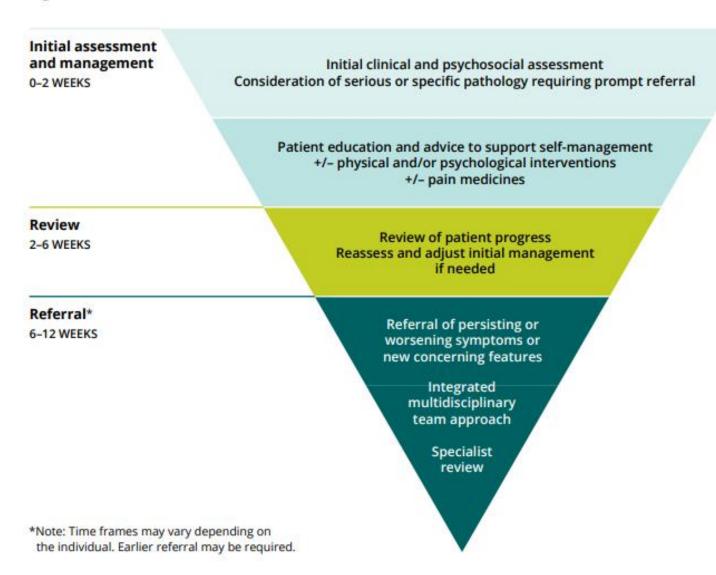
- 1. ACSQHC Low Back Pain Clinical Standard
- 2. Case Study Back and Leg Pain
 - a. Management of back and leg pain Clinical Care Standard applied
 - b. Multidisciplinary Management Options
- 3. Q&A

ACSQHC Low Back Pain Clinical Standard

- Describes key components of care patients should receive when they have LBP, with or without leg pain (<12 weeks)
- Goals:
 - 1) improve early Ax, Mx, review and appropriate referral of patients with LBP
 - 2) Reduce use of investigations and treatment that may be ineffective or unnecessary in managing LBP
- Doesn't cover diagnosis or treatment of specific causes of LBP
- <u>Low Back Pain and Sciatica in Over 16s: Assessment and management</u>, NICE Guidelines

ACSQHC Low Back Pain Clinical Standard

Figure 1: General overview of care - Low Back Pain Clinical Care Standard



Case Presentation

 32YO female presents with 2 week history of insidious onset lower back and right buttock, posterior thigh and calf pain. Unable to complete shift today at bar.

Initial assessment and management 0-2 WEEKS

Initial clinical and psychosocial assessment Consideration of serious or specific pathology requiring prompt referral

- Screen for Red Flags/specific pathology no B&B/saddle paraesthesia; no weakness or paraesthesia, no unremitting, non-mechanical or night pain; no morning stiffness, etc
- Behaviour of Symptoms: Aggravating activities standing at work, forward flexion (bending, lifting); Easing rest, medications (paracetamol, ibuprofen)

Case Presentation

 32YO female presents with 2 week history of insidious onset lower back and right buttock, posterior thigh and calf pain. Unable to complete shift today at bar.

Initial assessment and management 0-2 WEEKS

Initial clinical and psychosocial assessment Consideration of serious or specific pathology requiring prompt referral

- Past History: episodic back and right leg pain since her early 20's following left patella dislocation.
 Episode usually resolves within a week with rest and medication. No other previous management.
- Psychosocial factors: works casually in childcare and bar work, lives alone, smokes 10/day, frequent suicidal ideation, minimal physical activity, passive management strategies

Case Presentation – Initial Management

 32YO female presents with 2 week history of insidious onset lower back and right buttock, posterior thigh and calf pain. Unable to complete shift today at bar.

Initial assessment and management 0-2 WEEKS

Initial clinical and psychosocial assessment Consideration of serious or specific pathology requiring prompt referral

Patient education and advice to support self-management +/- physical and/or psychological interventions +/- pain medicines

- Patient education reassurance re: natural history, encourage to continue normal physical activities as able, no need for investigations in first 6 weeks, advice about when to return for review – worsening neurological symptoms or pain
- Physical and/or psychological interventions strongly consider physic and maybe psychology referral
- +/- Pain Medicines currently PRN paracetamol and ibuprofen

Case Presentation – Re-presents 2 weeks later

• 32YO female re-presents with 4 weeks of insidious onset lower back and right buttock, posterior thigh and calf pain.

Review 2-6 WEEKS

Review of patient progress Reassess and adjust initial management if needed

- Progress: ongoing pain, no red flag or neurological symptoms. Really struggling with work. No physio appointment made financial limitations.
- Reassess and Adjust Management plan: STarT back Screening Tool

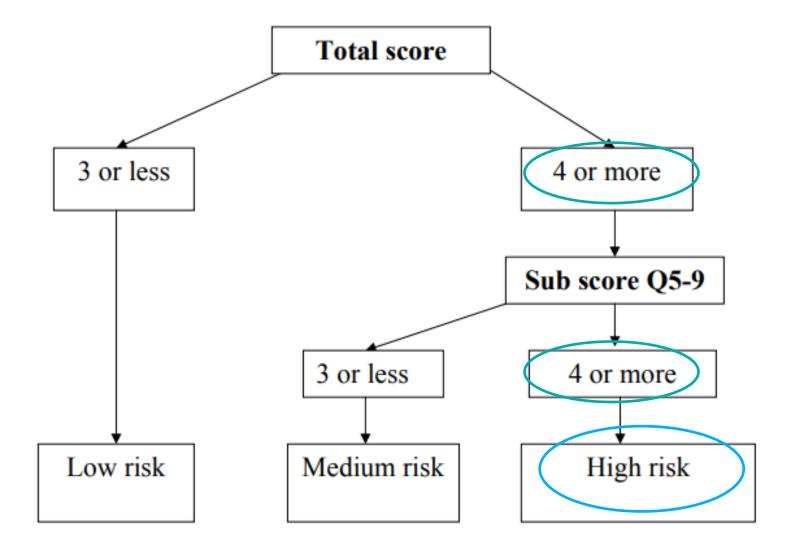
Case Presentation – STarT Back Screening Tool

		Disagree	Agree
1	My back pain has spread down my leg(s) at some time in the last 2 weeks		X
2	I have had pain in the shoulder or neck at some time in the last 2 weeks	X	
3	I have only walked short distances because of my back pain		X
4	In the last 2 weeks, I have dressed more slowly than usual because of back pain		X
5	It's not really safe for a person with a condition like mine to be physically active		X
6	Worrying thoughts have been going through my mind a lot of the time	X	
7	I feel that my back pain is terrible and it's never going to get any better		X
8	In general I have not enjoyed all the things I used to enjoy		X

9. Overall, how bothersome has your back pain been in the last 2 weeks?

Not at all	Slightly	Moderately	Very much	Extremely
			X	
0	0	0	1	1
Total score (all 9):	7	Sub Scor	re (Q5-9):4	

Case Presentation – STarT Back Screening Tool Scoring System



Case Presentation – Re-presents 2 weeks later

• 32YO female re-presents with 4 weeks of insidious onset lower back and right buttock, posterior thigh and calf pain.

Review

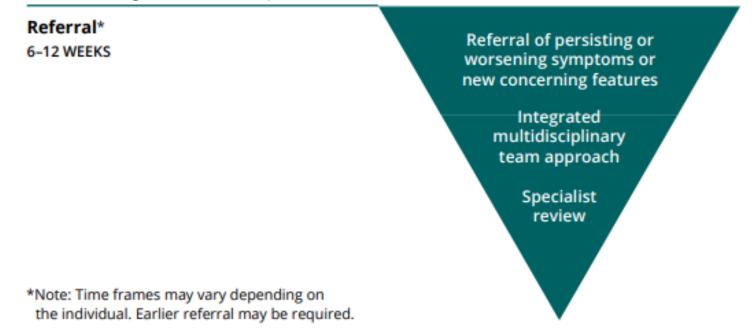
2-6 WEEKS

Review of patient progress Reassess and adjust initial management if needed

- Progress: ongoing pain, no red flag or neurological symptoms. Really struggling with work. No physio appointment made financial limitations.
- Reassess and Adjust Management plan: STarT back Screening Tool
 - -> referral to public physio department
 - -> strongly consider psychology referral
 - -> review pain medication use PRN v regular dosing, if ineffective, consider neuropathic pain medication

Case Presentation – Review 2 & 4 weeks later

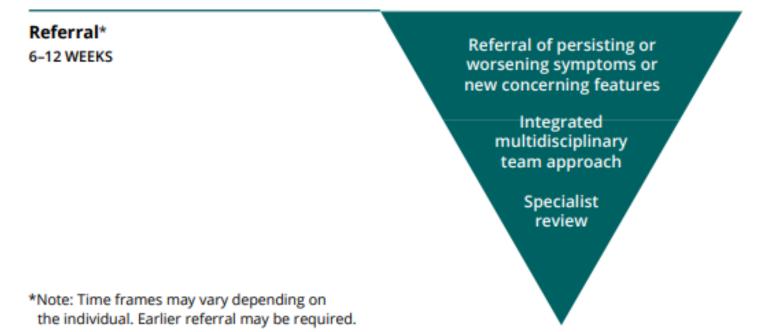
 32YO female re-presents now 6 & 8 weeks of insidious onset lower back and right buttock, posterior thigh and calf pain.



- Progress: ongoing pain, no red flag or neurological symptoms. Ongoing struggle with work. Just started physiotherapy
- Reassess and Adjust Management: reassure, persevere with active treatment, ?neuropathic pain medication

Case Presentation – Review 4 weeks later

 32YO female re-presents now 12 weeks of insidious onset lower back and right buttock, posterior thigh and calf pain.



- Progress: ongoing pain, no red flag or neurological symptoms. Ongoing struggle with work. Has had 4-5 sessions of physiotherapy mild benefit.
- Consider: Imaging (MRI ideal but \$, CT), no access to integrated multidisciplinary team, ideal for MPSC/OSiP involvement

Case Presentation – Review post-CT scan

 CT lumbosacral spine – large calcified L4/5 right paracentral disc extrusion compressing descending right L5 nerve root

- Adjust management plans:
 - -Reasonable to refer for surgical/tertiary review (MPSC at RBWH or OSiP if in catchment)
 - More strongly consider neuropathic pain medication
 - Reassure patient: long-standing finding, irritated nerve (no neuro findings), should settle but escalate due to high score on STarT back and imaging findings matching presentation
 - -Consider nerve root injection

Case Presentation – What Actually Happened

- ED presentation July 2023 -> active management advice, no imaging, no surgical referrals
- Subsequent Management
 - -CT lumbar spine late July
 - L5 NRI Aug 2023, Dec 2023, Feb 2024 helped <24hrs, Nov 2023 helped 2 weeks. More booked end of this month for L4 and L5
 - -CDM Plan physio x2 late 2023/early 2024: hands on provoked pain, stretches and side leg raises provokes symptoms.
 - Acupuncture no change
 - Trialled neuropathic pain meds x2 with no effect, using regular tramadol, paracetamol+codeine, mersyndol + PRN paracetamol and ibuprofen
 - -Referral to RBWH Orthopaedics Feb 2024

Case Presentation – What Actually Happened

- Seen in MPSC 2 weeks ago
- Management Plan ideally:
 - Physiotherapy
 - Psychology
 - Pharmacy
 - Healthy Eating and Lifestyle Program
- Actual Management Plan:
 - Physiotherapy
 - Declined psychology and pharmacy
 - -GP to monitor Mental Health
 - Discuss with Orthopaedics to facilitate optimal engagement

Resources

- <u>ACHQSC Clinical Standards</u> https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/standards/clinical-care-standards/low-back-pain-clinical-care-standard
- NICE Guidelines <u>Low Back Pain and Sciatica in Over 16s: Assessment and management</u> https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/ng59
- mybackpain.org.au https://mybackpain.org.au/
- painHEALTH https://painhealth.csse.uwa.edu.au/
- Health Pathways

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